

Use the space from an unused partition

Overview

Most Sailfish X devices have a partition left over from Android which is completely unused. Newer Android phones have partitions labelled `system_a` and `system_b`, which were used by deliver OS updates as full partitions without overwriting the used one. On next reboot, Android just switches the partition to boot from. SailfishOS only uses `system_b`, as it doesn't provide kernel updates.

This does only work on devices with a `/dev/disk/by-partlabel/system_a` and a `/dev/disk/by-partlabel/system_b` partition, e.g. the Xperia XA2. It does not work on devices with only a `/dev/disk/by-partlabel/system` partition like the Xperia X!

Warning! 4.6.0.15 started to use the same `system_a` [partition](#):

“ Xperia XA2 and Xperia 10

Partition `opt2` was created to allow for more space for AppSupport on Sailfish 5.0.0 (but only if the partition is not already used).

This means that this is not necessary or, if you already used the `system_a`, you can't update through GUI but use command line.

Preparations

You need shell access and root access for this guide. You get shell access by enabling the development mode. You become root by executing `devel-su` and entering the password you set in the development mode settings. It's good to have a full system backup, e.g. with [restic](#) or [borg](#).

Add the partition to LVM

To start, you have to add `/dev/disk/by-partlabel/system_a` to the [Logical Volume Manager](#).

1. Enter `pvcreate /dev/disk/by-partlabel/system_a` to prepare the partition for LVM.
2. Secondly, type `vgextend sailfish /dev/disk/by-partlabel/system_a` to add the partition to the `sailfish` volume group.

If you get messages similar to this:

```
/dev/mmcbk0rpmb: read failed after 0 of 4096 at 4186112: Input/output error
```

Don't worry. `mmcbk0rpmb` stands for *Replay Protected Memory Block*, which is a security storage feature of Android not used by SailfishOS. When the programs you just executed scan all partitions, they won't be able to read this secure storage, hence the error message.

Extend the sailfish root filesystem

Now the space of the sailfish volume group is extended by the size of the `system_a` partition and we can continue with adding the new free space of the volume group to the root volume.

1. This is done with `lvextend sailfish/root -l +100%Free`, which tells LVM to assign all free space in the `sailfish` volume group to the `root` volume.
2. In the end, we resize the root filesystem to the new size of the `root` volume by entering `resize2fs /dev/mapper/sailfish-root`. This can be done while the filesystem is mounted, which is a nice feature of ext4.

Now you can proceed with installing apps or starting the system update.

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